Year 4



Objectives taken from the National Curriculum 2014

Children should plan their writing by:

- discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar
- discussing and recording ideas

Children should draft and write by:

- composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures (English Appendix 2)
- organising paragraphs around a theme
- in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot
- in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices [for example, headings and sub-headings]

Children should evaluate and edit by:

- assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements
- proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences

Children should proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors

Children should read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear.

Choose pronouns for clarity and cohesion	Identify and use fronted adverbials of time, manner and place	Use expanded noun phrases which include modifying adjectives, nouns and prepositions	Understand the grammatical difference between plural and possessive –s	Use paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme
Apostrophes to mark plural possession	Use commas after fronted adverbials	Use inverted commas and other speech punctuation to punctuate direct speech	Write using Standard English	Use a range of other conjunctions to link ideas and clauses (e.g. although, however, therefore, especially, so that)
Use suffixes –ation, -ly, -ous, - tion, -sion, -ssion, -cian				

N = New Learn		1							
<u>Autumn</u> Dragonology		·	<u>Spring</u> Voyage of Discovery		<u>Summer</u> Planet Protectors				
Teachers must teach the conventions of the genre alongside the GaPS skills.									
Poetry (2 weeks) R – Use the determiners 'a' and 'an' correctly. R – Extend sentences with more than one clause using a wider range of conjunctions, including if, when, because, although R – Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time, place and cause (e.g. when, before, after, while, so, because) R – Use inverted commas (speech marks) to punctuate direct speech	Recount (3 weeks) R – use pronouns to aid cohesion R – identify and use fronted adverbials of manner R – use commas after a fronted adverbial N – identify and use fronted adverbials of time N – identify and use fronted adverbials of place	Narrative (3 weeks) R – Use variety of conjunctions R – use pronouns to aid cohesion R – Identify and use fronted adverbials of time, manner and place R – use commas after fronted adverbials N – expanded noun phrases which include modifying adjectives, nouns and prepositions	Instructions (2weeks) R – Use variety of conjunctions R – use pronouns to aid cohesion R – Identify and use fronted adverbials of time, manner and place R – use commas after fronted adverbials R – expanded noun phrases which include modifying adjectives, nouns and prepositions R – use inverted commas and	Narrative (3 weeks) R – Use variety of conjunctions R – use pronouns to aid cohesion R – Identify and use fronted adverbials of time, manner and place R – use commas after fronted adverbials R – expanded noun phrases which include modifying adjectives, nouns and prepositions R – use inverted commas and other speech punctuation to	Persuasive letters (3 weeks) R – Use variety of conjunctions R – use pronouns to aid cohesion R – Identify and use fronted adverbials of time, manner and place R – use commas after fronted adverbials R – expanded noun phrases which include modifying adjectives, nouns and prepositions R – use inverted commas and other speech punctuation to				
R – Use the present perfect form of verbs instead of the past tense R – use paragraphs, headings and sub-headings to aid presentation R – recognise word families are based on common words and show how they are related in meaning (e.g. solve, solution, solver, dissolve, insoluble) R – use a range of prefixes to to form nouns (e.g. super-, anti-, auto). N – choose pronouns for clarity and cohesion T – determiner, pronoun,			other speech punctuation to punctuate direct speech R – (Y2) apostrophes to mark contractions and singular possession N – understanding to grammatical difference between plural and possessive –s N – apostrophes to mark plural possession	punctuate direct speech R – apostrophes for plural and singular possession, and contractions R – Writing using Standard English N – Use paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme	punctuate direct speech R – apostrophes for plural and singular possession, and contractions R – Writing using Standard English R – Use paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme N – use suffixes –ation, -ly, -ous, -tion, -sion, -ssion, -cian				
Descriptive writing (4 weeks) R – Use determiners 'a' and 'an' correctly. R – Extend sentences with more than one clause using a wider range of conjunctions, including if, when, because, although	Non-chronological reports (4 weeks) R – use pronouns to aid cohesion R – Identify and use fronted adverbials of manner, time and palce	Non-chronological reports (3 weeks) R – Use variety of conjunctions R – use pronouns to aid cohesion R – Identify and use fronted adverbials of time, manner and place	Author Study (3 weeks) R – Use variety of conjunctions R – use pronouns to aid cohesion R – Identify and use fronted adverbials of time, manner and place	Explanation (3 weeks) R – Use variety of conjunctions R – use pronouns to aid cohesion R – Identify and use fronted adverbials of time, manner and place	Non-chronological reports (4 weels) R – Use variety of conjunctions R – use pronouns to aid cohesion R – Identify and use fronted adverbials of time, manner and place				

R – Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time, place and cause

R – Use inverted commas (speech marks) to punctuate direct speech

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N – Identify and use fronted adverbials to show manner N – use commas after fronted

adverbials
T – adverbials

R – use commas after fronted adverbials

N – use a range of other conjunctions to link ideas and clauses (e.g. although, however, therefore, especially, so that)

R – use commas after fronted adverbials

R – expanded noun phrases which include modifying adjectives, nouns and prepositions

N – use inverted commas and other speech punctuation to punctuate direct speech

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R – expanded noun phrases which include modifying adjectives, nouns and prepositions

R – use inverted commas and other speech punctuation to punctuate direct speech R – apostrophes for plural and singular possession, and contractions

N – Writing using Standard English

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R – Writing using Standard English

R – Use paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme

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R – Writing using Standard English

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R – use suffixes –ation, -ly, ous, -tion, -sion, -ssion, -cian

Skills check — This is the aim for the vast majority of the class to achieve this half term to ensure that they are ready to move on to the next piece of learning Can children...?

- Use 'a' and 'an' correctly in their writing
- Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to show time. place and cause
- Use inverted commas (speech marks) to punctuate direct speech
- Use present perfect tense accurately in their writing
- Organise ideas into paragraphs, using headings and subheadings where appropriate
- Create characters, settings and plot
- Recognise word families and their meanings
- Use prefixes to form nouns

- identify and use fronted adverbials of time, manner and place
- use commas after fronted adverbial
- use an ever increasing range of conjunctions
- Discuss writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar
- Discuss and record ideas about their writing
- Compose and rehearse sentences orally
- Assess the effectiveness of their own and others'

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- punctuate direct speech with a variety of punctuation
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- Discuss and record ideas about their writing

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- use apostrophes accurately
- write using Standard English
- use paragraphs to organise writing around a theme
- Discuss writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from

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- use apostrophes accurately
- write using Standard English
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- spell suffixes
- Discuss writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to

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- Discuss and record ideas about their writing
- Compose and rehearse sentences orally
- Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements
- Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors
- Read aloud their own writing

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- Propose changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency and cohesion
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- understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar
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Terminology check

determiner, pronoun, possessive pronoun

determiner, pronoun, possessive pronoun, adverbial

Spelling check:

accident(ally) actual(ly) address answer appear arrive believe bicycle breath breathe build busy/business calendar caught centre century certain circle complete consider continue decide describe different difficult disappear early earth eight/eighth enough exercise experience experiment extreme famous favourite February forward(s) fruit grammar group guard guide heard heart height history imagine increase important interest island knowledge learn length library material medicine mention minute natural naughty notice

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